

## Scheda di lavoro: formule goniometriche

**Formule di addizione e sottrazione:**

$$\cos(\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

**Formule di duplicazione:**

$$\sin 2\alpha = \sin(\alpha + \alpha) = 2 \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \cos(\alpha + \alpha) = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$$

**Formule di bisezione:**

$$\cos 2\beta = \cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta = 1 - \sin^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \beta$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\sin^2 \beta = \frac{1 - \cos 2\beta}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \beta = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 2\beta}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow * \quad \boxed{\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}}$$

$$\cos 2\beta = \cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta = \cos^2 \beta - (1 - \cos^2 \beta) = 2 \cos^2 \beta - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\cos^2 \beta = \frac{1 + \cos 2\beta}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \beta = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos 2\beta}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow * \quad \boxed{\cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}}$$

**Formule parametriche:**

$$\begin{aligned} \sin 2\beta &= \frac{2 \sin \beta \cdot \cos \beta}{1} = \frac{2 \sin \beta \cdot \cos \beta}{\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta} = \frac{\cancel{2 \sin \beta} \cdot \cos \beta}{\cancel{\cos^2 \beta} + \cancel{\sin^2 \beta}} = \frac{2 \tan \beta}{1 + \tan^2 \beta} \\ &\quad \text{color red: } \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta} = \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\cancel{\cos^2 \beta} + \cancel{\sin^2 \beta}} = \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow * \quad \boxed{\sin \alpha = \frac{2 \tan \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos 2\beta &= \frac{\cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta}{1} = \frac{\cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta} = \frac{\cancel{\cos^2 \beta} - \cancel{\sin^2 \beta}}{\cancel{\cos^2 \beta} + \cancel{\sin^2 \beta}} = \frac{1 - \tan^2 \beta}{1 + \tan^2 \beta} \\ &\quad \text{color red: } \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta} = \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\cancel{\cos^2 \beta} + \cancel{\sin^2 \beta}} = \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow * \quad \boxed{\cos \alpha = \frac{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}}$$

\* tali relazioni valgono per ogni angolo  $\beta$ , quindi anche per  $\beta = \frac{\alpha}{2}$