

Soluzioni SIMULAZIONE

$$1) \sqrt{3}\operatorname{ctg}^2 2x + \operatorname{ctg} 2x = 0 \rightarrow \operatorname{ctg} 2x (\sqrt{3}\operatorname{ctg} 2x + 1) = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2} \vee x = \frac{\pi}{3} + k\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$2) \operatorname{sen}^3 x - \operatorname{sen} x \operatorname{cos}^2 x = 0 \rightarrow x = k\pi \vee x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$3) \cos 3x - \cos 5x = \operatorname{sen} 6x + \operatorname{sen} 2x \rightarrow \text{prostaferesi} \quad \operatorname{sen} 4x (\cos 2x - \operatorname{sen} x) = 0 \rightarrow \\ x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \vee x = \frac{5}{6}\pi + 2k\pi \vee x = \frac{k\pi}{4}$$

$$4) \cos^2 \left(\frac{11}{6}\pi - x \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \operatorname{sen} 2x = \cos^2 x \rightarrow \operatorname{sen}^2 x - \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$5) \operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} + x \right) = \operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x \right) + 4 \rightarrow x = \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi \vee x = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{1}{3} + k\pi$$

$$6) \operatorname{sen} \left(3x - \frac{\pi}{3} \right) = -\operatorname{sen} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{48}\pi + k\frac{\pi}{2} \vee x = \frac{19}{24}\pi + k\pi$$

$$7) \operatorname{sen} x + \cos x = \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3} + 1) \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{6}\pi + 2k\pi \vee x = \frac{1}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$8) \operatorname{sen}^2 x + 7\cos^2 x + 2\sqrt{3}\operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x = 4 \rightarrow x = \frac{5}{6}\pi + k\pi \vee x = \frac{1}{3}\pi + k\pi$$

$$9) 2\sqrt{2}\operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{8} + k\pi \vee x = \frac{3}{8}\pi + k\pi$$

$$10) \operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \right) + \operatorname{sen} x = 1 \rightarrow x = 2k\pi \vee x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$$