

Formule Goniometriche:

Formule di ADDIZIONE E SOTTRAZIONE:

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(\alpha \pm \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta \\ \sin(\alpha \pm \beta) &= \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta \\ \operatorname{tg}(\alpha \pm \beta) &= \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha \pm \operatorname{tg} \beta}{1 \mp \operatorname{tg} \alpha \cdot \operatorname{tg} \beta} \end{aligned}$$

dim. sul libro

dalle formule sugli archi associati: $\sin x = \cos(90^\circ - x)$ considerando l'angolo $\alpha + \beta$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(\alpha + \beta) &= \cos[90^\circ - (\alpha + \beta)] = \cos[(90^\circ - \alpha) + \beta] = \cos(90^\circ - \alpha)\cos\beta + \sin(90^\circ - \alpha)\sin\beta \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{tg}(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\sin(\alpha + \beta)}{\cos(\alpha + \beta)} = \frac{\sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta} = \frac{\frac{\sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta} + \frac{\cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta}}{\frac{\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta} - \frac{\sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta}} = \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha + \operatorname{tg} \beta}{1 - \operatorname{tg} \alpha \cdot \operatorname{tg} \beta}$$

Formule di DUPLICAZIONE:

$$\begin{aligned} \sin 2\alpha &= 2\sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha \\ \cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ \operatorname{tg} 2\alpha &= \frac{2\operatorname{tg} \alpha}{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \sin 2\alpha = \sin(\alpha + \alpha) = \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \alpha = 2\sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \cos 2\alpha = \cos(\alpha + \alpha) = \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \operatorname{tg} 2\alpha = \operatorname{tg}(\alpha + \alpha) = \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha + \operatorname{tg} \alpha}{1 - \operatorname{tg} \alpha \cdot \operatorname{tg} \alpha} = \frac{2\operatorname{tg} \alpha}{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha}$$

Formule di BISEZIONE:

$$\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \cos 2\beta = \cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta = 1 - \sin^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta = 1 - 2\sin^2 \beta \rightarrow 2\sin^2 \beta = 1 - \cos 2\beta$$

$$\rightarrow \sin \beta = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 2\beta}{2}} \rightarrow^* \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \cos 2\beta = \cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta = \cos^2 \beta - (1 - \cos^2 \beta) = 2\cos^2 \beta - 1 \rightarrow 2\cos^2 \beta = 1 + \cos 2\beta$$

$$\rightarrow \cos \beta = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos 2\beta}{2}} \rightarrow^* \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}}{\pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} \cdot \frac{2\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}}{2\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{2\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha}{2}}{2\cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cancel{2} \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{\cancel{2}}} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} \cdot \frac{2\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}{2\sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{2\sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}{2\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{\cancel{2} \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\cancel{2}}}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

Formule PARAMETRICHE:

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{2\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \sin 2\beta = \frac{2\sin \beta \cdot \cos \beta}{1} = \frac{2\sin \beta \cdot \cos \beta}{\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta} = \frac{\frac{2\sin \beta \cdot \cancel{\cos \beta}}{\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta}}{\frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta} + \frac{\sin^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta}} = \frac{2\operatorname{tg} \beta}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \beta} \rightarrow^* \sin \alpha = \frac{2\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\text{Dim.: } \cos 2\beta = \frac{\cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta}{1} = \frac{\cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta} = \frac{\frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta} - \frac{\sin^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta}}{\frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta} + \frac{\sin^2 \beta}{\cos^2 \beta}} = \frac{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \beta}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \beta} \rightarrow^* \cos \alpha = \frac{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

* tali relazioni valgono per ogni angolo β , quindi anche per $\beta = \frac{\alpha}{2}$