

m^e3

$$m = 8 \text{ gr}$$

$$R = 5,9 \text{ cm} = 5,9 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ m} = 0,059 \text{ m}$$

$$\mu = 0,95$$

(A)

$$F_{\text{CENTR}} = F_{\text{ATT}}$$

$$m \omega^2 R = \mu F_{\perp}$$

$$m \frac{v^2}{R} = \mu m g$$



$$m (\omega R)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{R} = \mu m g$$

$$m \omega^2 R = \mu m g$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{\mu g}{R}} = \sqrt{\frac{0,95 \cdot 9,8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{0,059 \text{ m}}} = 12,6 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{S}}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f \rightarrow f = \frac{\omega}{2\pi} = \frac{12,6 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{S}}}{2\pi} = 2 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\textcircled{B} f_c = \frac{m v^2}{R} = m \frac{\omega^2 R^2}{R} = 8 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ kg} \cdot (12,6 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{S}})^2 \cdot 5,9 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ m} =$$
$$f_c = 0,0745 \text{ N}$$

MCU RIPASSO

$$v = \left(\frac{2\pi R}{T} \right) = \omega R$$

VEL. ANGOLARE

$$f = \frac{1}{T} \quad \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$
$$v = 2\pi R f \quad \omega = 2\pi f$$